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An accurate and cost efficient physical scale model of a direct driven pointabsorber with constant damping power take-off

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When it comes to validatingerify simulation results for Ww ave eEnergy Cconverters, physical scale models-experiments play an important role as a cost effective preliminary stage before full-scale test-to verify simulations. But especially-modelling the power take-off for scale models can be is a complex process. State-of-the-art models uses static friction [1] or controlled motors [2-4] to simulate the behavior of the actual power take-off generator. In simulations, while simulatingof an idealized generator, a constant velocity-proportional damping is often used. Controlled motors can act-operate this way but are relatively complex and expensive and may suffer from friction or are limited by the motor dynamics [4]. Especially whileIn particular when -comparing physical models is to be are compared to simulations, a good parametrized model is invaluable. The model proposed here, uses eddy currents to provide a constant velocity dependent damping: Permanent magnets generate a magnetic field in which an aluminum disc, accelerated by the force acting on the buoy, rotates. As counter force, weights, attached to the disc by a rope, generate a moment to turn the disc in the opposite direction.

The system is able to provide a constant damping, while being nearly frictionless. The motion of the PTO is measured using an accelerometer, acting as a high precision measurement system.

The results of 1:10 wave tank tests are compared to a numerical model based on linear potential wave theory, with excellent. Simulation and scale test results agreed very wellagreement.

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